WO 2005/044723 PCT/US2004/034274

CLAIMS

1 2	1.	A composition comprising: a first nanotube attached to a fiber.
1 2	2.	The composition of claim 1, wherein the first nanotube has a diameter ranging from about 30 to about 300 nanometers.
1	3. ્	The composition of claim 1, wherein the first nanotube has a length ranging from about 10 to about 10,000 nanometers.
1	4.	The composition of claim 1, wherein the first nanotube is single-walled or multi-walled.
1	5.	The composition of claim 1, wherein the first nanotube comprises a metal.
1 2	6.	The composition of claim 5, wherein the metal is rhodium, ruthenium, manganese, chromium, copper, molybdenum, platinum, nickel, cobalt, palladium, gold, or silver.
1	7.	The composition of claim 1, wherein the fiber is an electrospun fiber.
1 2	8.	The composition of claim 1, wherein the fiber is ceramic, carbonized, elemental, or a chemically tractable metal.
1 2		The composition of claim 1, wherein the fiber is boron nitride, boron carbide, nitrogen carbide, or silicon.
1	10.	The composition of claim 1, wherein a second nanotube is attached to the first nanotube.
1 2	11.	A composition comprising: a second nanotube attached to a first nanotube.
1 2	12.	A method comprising the step of: growing a nanotube on a fiber substrate.
1	13.	The method of claim 11, wherein the fiber substrate is an electrospun fiber.

WO 2005/044723 PCT/US2004/034274

1	14.	The method of claim 11, wherein the fiber substrate is ceramic, carbonized, elemental, or
2		a chemically tractable metal.
1	15.	A method comprising the step of:
2		growing a second nanotube on a first nanotube substrate.
1	16.	The method of claim 14, wherein the second nanotube has a diameter that is less than that
2		of the first nanotube substrate.
1	17.	A method comprising the step of:
2		using the composition of claim 1 as an electrode.
1	18.	A method comprising the step of:
2		using the composition of claim 1 as a filtration device.
1	19.	The composition of claim 17, wherein the filtration device has interstices greater than or
2		equal to about two nanometers.
1	20.	A method comprising the step of:
2		using the composition of claim 1 as an electrochemical connection to the nervous
3		system or an electrochemical connection to the interior of a living cell.
i	21.	A method comprising the step of:
2.	*	using the composition of claim 1 as a support structure for compounds having
3		characteristic dimensions ranging from about 1 to about 100 nanometers.
1	22.	A method comprising the step of:
2		performing Raman spectroscopy using the composition of claim 1 as a support
3.		structure.
1	23.	A method for manufacturing a metal-containing nanofiber comprising the steps of:
2		electrospinning a solution comprising an electrospinnable polymer and at least
3		one metal to produce a metal-containing nanofiber; and
4		carbonizing the resultant metal-containing nanofiber.

WO 2005/044723 PCT/US2004/034274

1	24.	The method of claim 22, wherein the electrospinnable polymer is polyacrylonita	rile.
---	-----	--	-------

- 1 25. The method of claim 22, wherein the metal is a noble metal.
- 1 26. The method of claim 22, wherein the metal is Ag, Fe, Pd, Ni, or Co.
- 1 27. A method comprising:
- 2 using a hierarchical structure as a fuel-cell electrode.
- 1 28. A method comprising:
- 2 using a hierarchical structure in an electrophoresis filtration system.
- 1 29. A method comprising:
- 2 using a hierarchical structure as a conductive medium in a photodiode.
- 1 30. The method of claim 28 wherein a carotene-porphyrin-fullerene compound is attached to method for using a hierarchical structure.
- 1 31. The method of claim 28, wherein a dendrimer is attached to the hierarchical structure.
- 1 32. A method comprising:
- 2 using a hierarchical structure in a battery.